



Photolysis of O₂

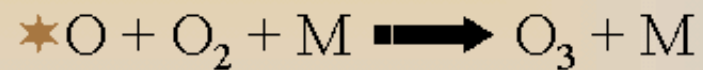
Key to Chemistry of Middle Atmosphere
by John Iorio



Significance

★ Strato- and Mesospheric Climate

★ Main Source of Stratospheric Ozone



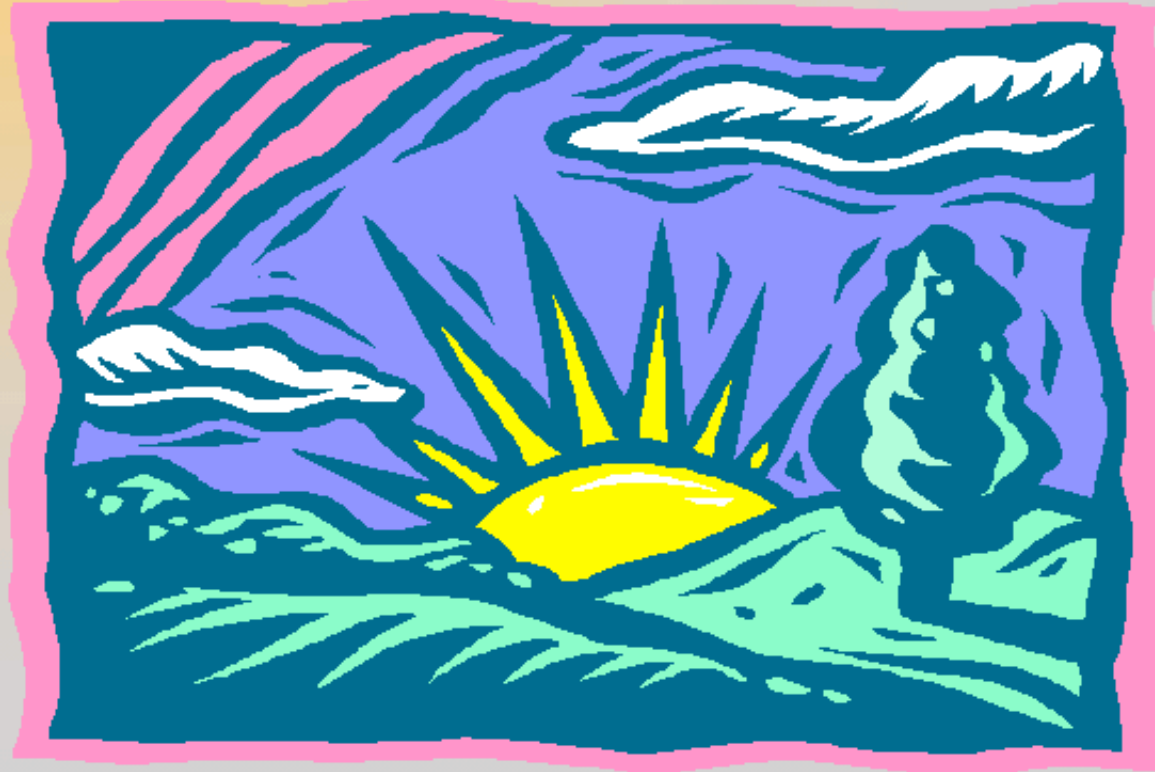


My Work

- ★ Fast Calculation of JO_2
- ★ Check on existing TUV (Tropospheric UV-Visible) Model
- ★ Explore TUV Errors



From Sunrise to Sunset





Principles of O₂ Photolysis

- ★ $J = \int F(\lambda) \sigma(\lambda) \Phi(\lambda) d\lambda$ – at a given altitude
 - ★ J = photolysis rate (s^{-1})
 - ★ $F(\lambda)$ = spectral solar flux at given altitude and solar zenith angle
 - ★ $\sigma(\lambda)$ = absorption x-section of molecule
 - ★ $\Phi(\lambda)$ = photodissociation efficiency (taken to be 1)
- ★ Occurs at $\lambda < 240$ nm
 - ★ Lyman- α , Schumann Runge Continuum, SR Bands, Herzberg Continuum





Solar Spectrum



3. SPECTROSCOPY AND PHOTOCHEMISTRY: FUNDAMENTALS

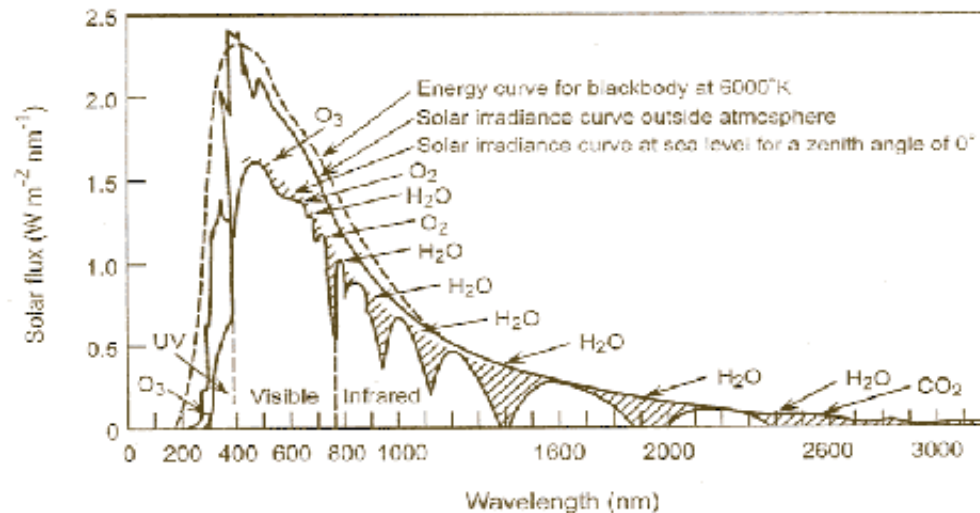


FIGURE 3.12 Solar flux outside the atmosphere and at sea level, respectively. The emission of a blackbody at 6000 K is also shown for comparison. The species responsible for light absorption in the various regions (O_3 , H_2O , etc.) are also shown (from Howard *et al.*, 1960).



$\sigma(\lambda)$ for O_2

- ★ Photolysis prevalent where the x-section and solar flux curves are both high

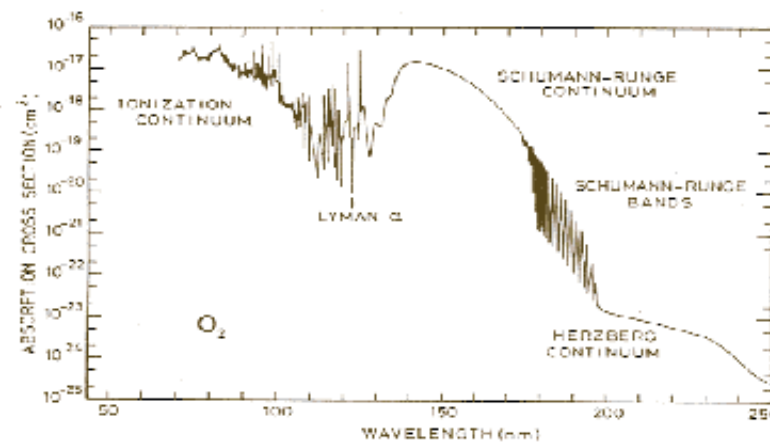


Fig. 4.26. Spectral distribution of the absorption cross section of molecular oxygen.

(10-120nm) some diffuse bands appear, but these are interspersed with a series



My Code As an Approximation

- ★ Breaks up each band/cont. into bins
 - ★ J calculated for each bin, summed over all bins
 - ★ As few λ bins as possible – computer time
- ★ SRC (121.9nm-175.4nm) and HC(192nm-240nm)
 - ★ Beer-Lambert Law
 - ★ $J = \int (F_{\infty}) (\sigma_{O_2}) (e^{-\sigma_{O_2} \times NO_2}) d\lambda$
 - ★ F_{∞} = Solar Flux at top of atmosphere
 - ★ NO_2 = Slant O_2 Column (function of altitude and zenith angle)
 - ★ Interpolation of Flux and Cross-Section Data onto my grid





Schumann-Runge Continuum



★ 1 bin used – 54 nm

★ $\sigma(\lambda)$: weighted by the flux over the bin





Herzberg Continuum

- ★ 1 bin – 46 nm
- ★ Yoshino – Polynomial Expression for $\sigma(\lambda)$
- ★ Pre-calculated exact avg. σ over interval





Lyman- α and SRB: Kockarts's Parameterization

★ $J = \int (F_{\infty}) (R) d\lambda$


★ Essentially Beer-Lambert Law, $R = (\sigma_{O_2}) (e^{(-\sigma_{O_2} \times NO_2)})$

★ Exact R in both bands calculated using Beer – Lambert at fine λ scales

★ Kockarts develops close approximations to save computer time




Lyman- α Parameterization



$$\star R = \sum_{i=1}^3 a_i (e^{-b_i \times \text{NO}_2})$$

\star R function of NO_2 only

\star A and B: coefficients determined by fitting to exact R vs. NO_2 curve



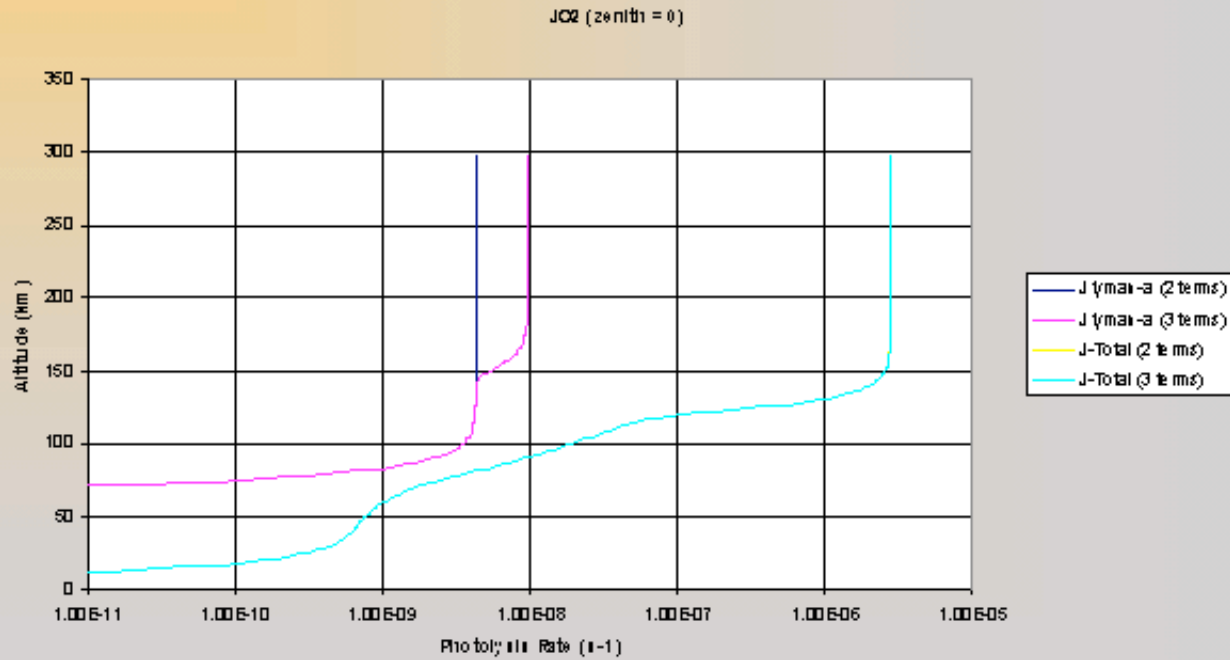
\star 1 bin



\star Took out third term - anomalous results in mesosphere ($b_1 = 8.22\text{E-}21$, $b_2 = 1.63\text{E-}20$, $b_3 = 4.85\text{E-}17$)

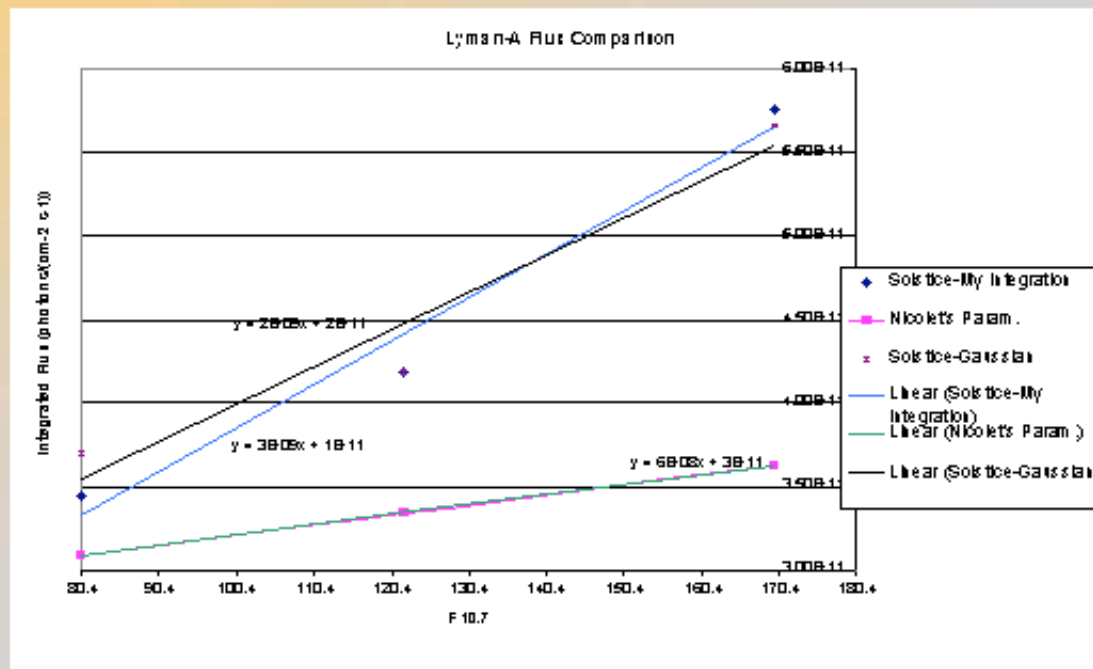


J for lyman- α (3 terms vs. 2)





Lyman- α Solar Flux





SRB parameterization

$$\star R_j = \sum_{i=1}^6 a_{2i-1} (e^{(-a_{2i} \times \text{NO}_2)})$$

★ j is 500 cm⁻¹ bin

★ 16 bins in original param.

★ cut down to 13 by averaging adjacent bins with close R values

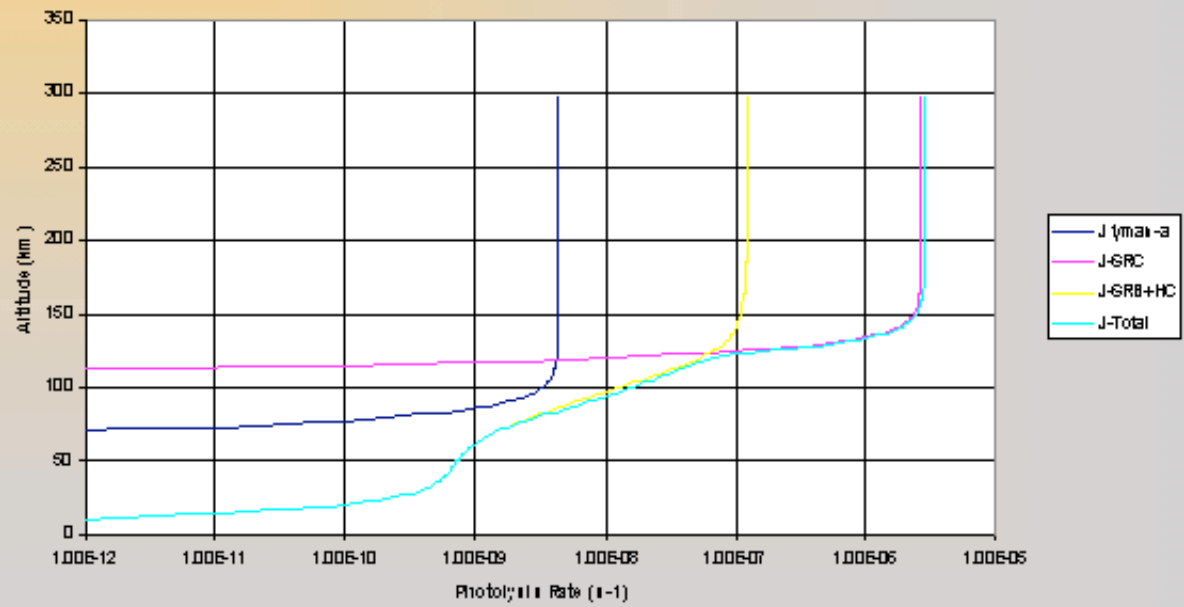




My Code



J02 (My Code) 3/15-Local Noon-40N

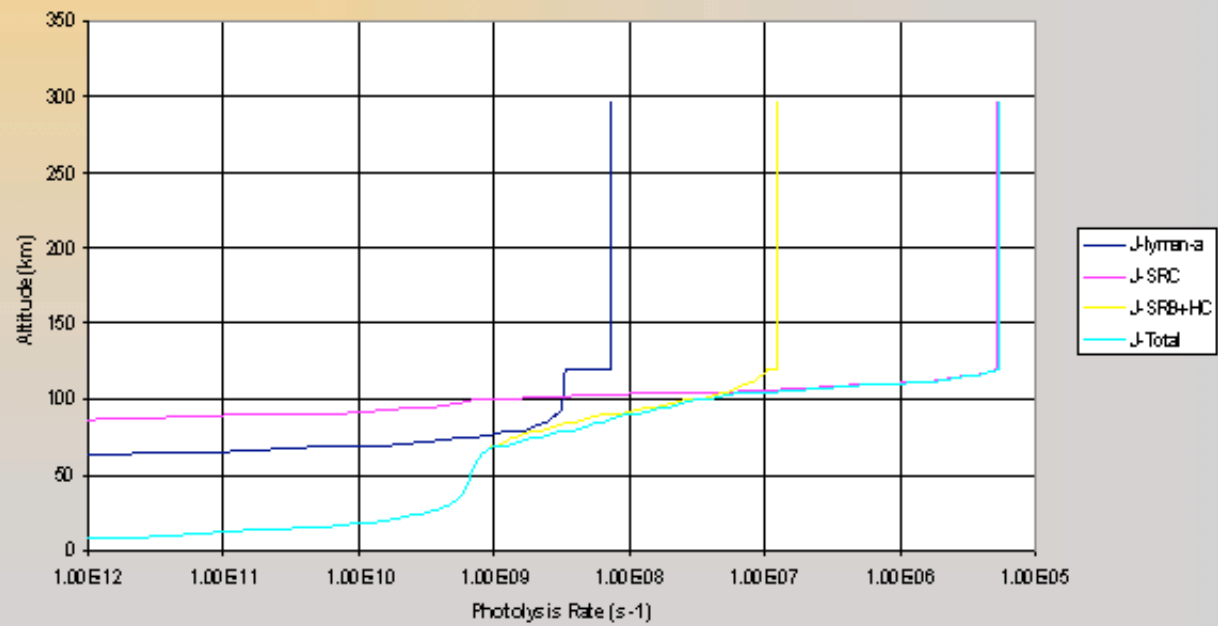




TUV



J02 (TUV) (3/15-Local Noon-40 N)





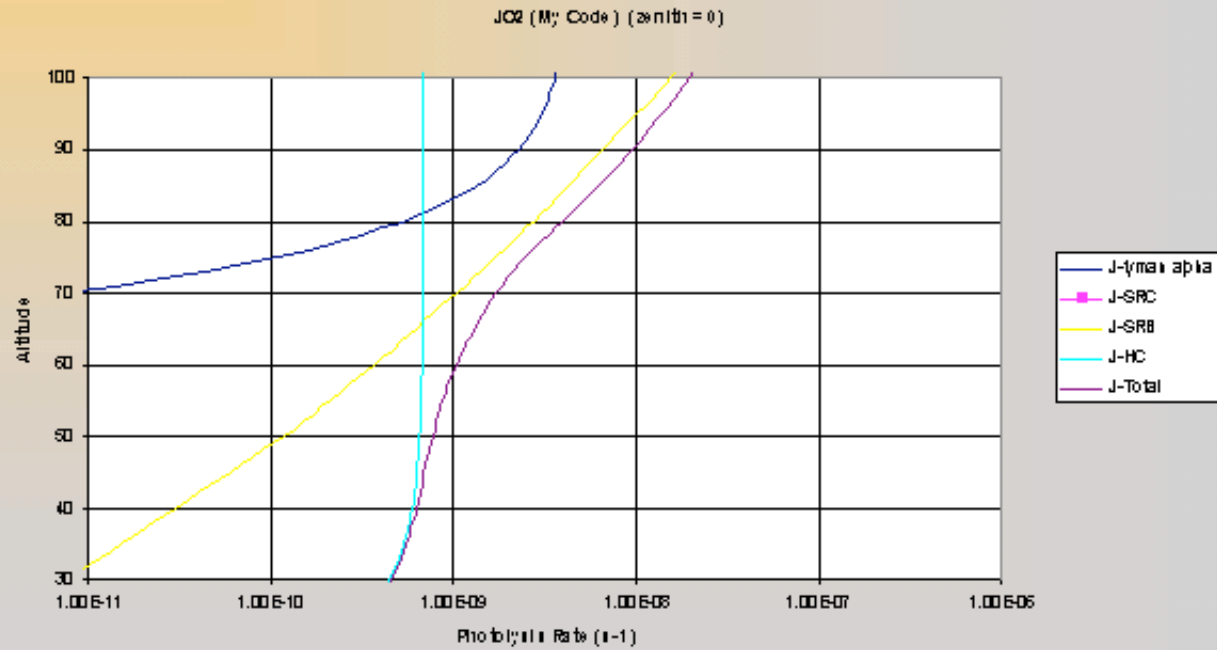
Problems in TUV

- ★ 2 bins for Schumann-Runge Continuum
 - ★ 2nd bin (123nm-175nm)
- ★ Lyman- α param. (used all 3 terms)
- ★ High Altitude Problems





Comparison of J (my code)





Comparison of J (“Aeronomy of Middle Atm.”)

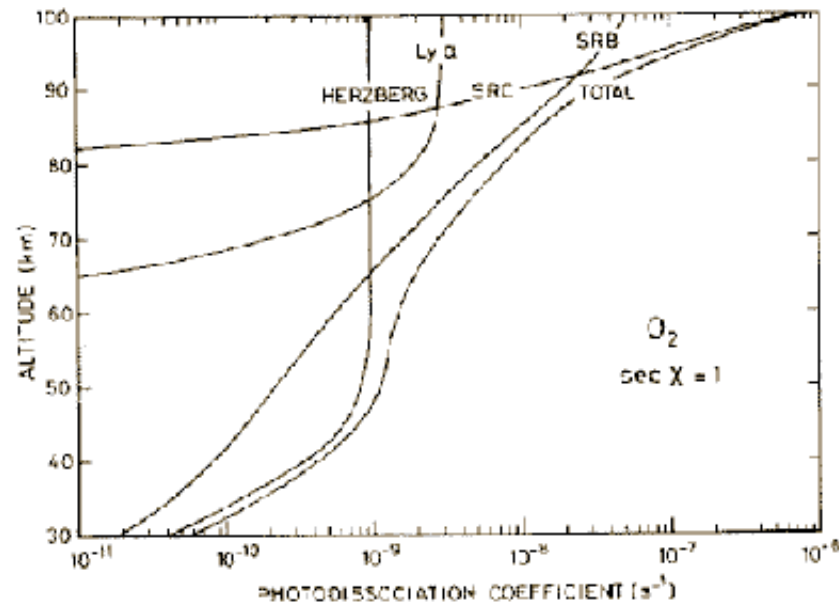


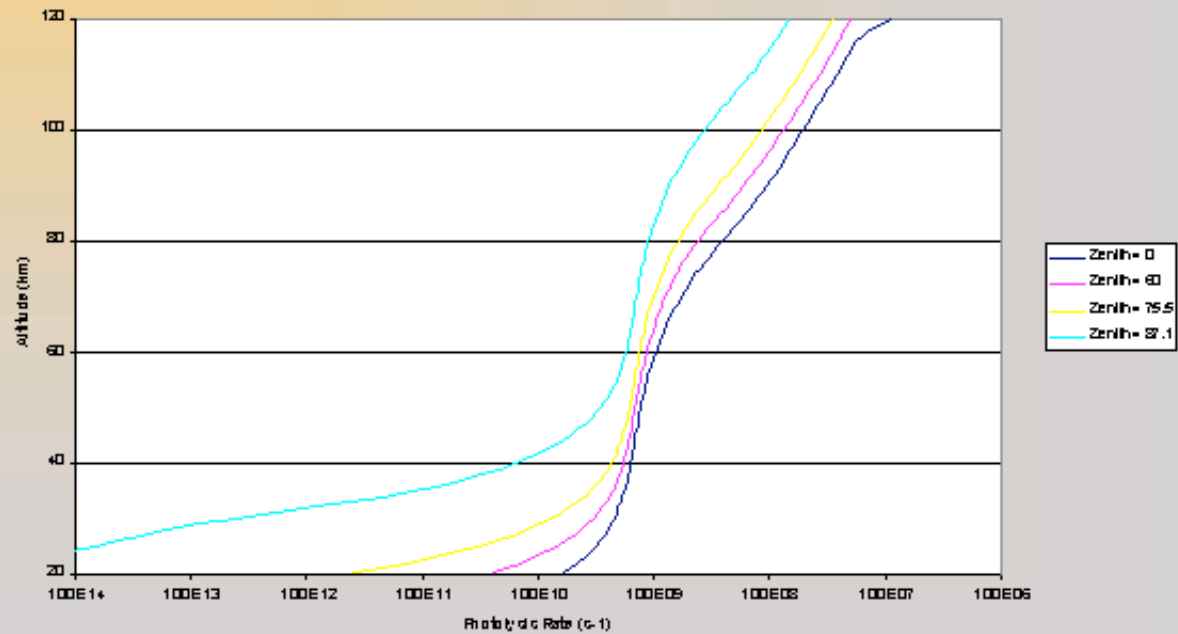
Fig. 4.31. Contribution of each spectral region to the photodissociation of molecular oxygen as a function of altitude.



Comparison of J Total (effects of zenith angle) – My Code

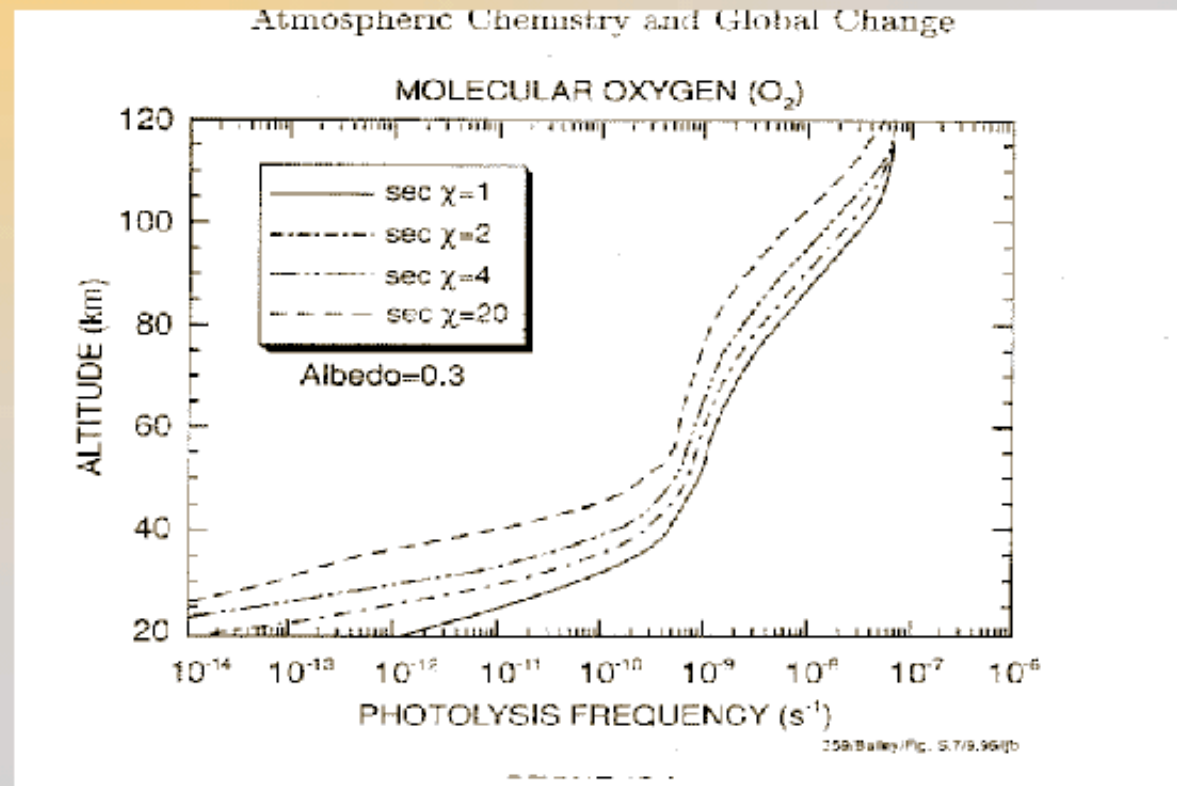


J02 Total (My Code) for Varying Zenith





Comparison of J Total (effects of zenith angle) – “Atm. Chem. And Global Change”





Conclusions/Future Work

- ★ Results from my code are preliminary
- ★ Try using more than 1 bin for Schumann-Runge Continuum and Herzberg Continuum
- ★ 3rd term in lyman-alpha param. is wrong
 - Use only first 2 terms
- ★ Incorporate into TUV (replace O₂ photolysis calculation with my code)
 - ★ Include effects of O₃ absorption and scattering





Acknowledgements

- ★ Sasha Madronich and Dan Marsh
- ★ Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education with funding from Dept. of Energy
- ★ National Center for Atmospheric Research and the National Science Foundation

